

Ln X Graph

Natural logarithm (redirect from Ln(x))

$\{dx\}\{x\}\}$ $d v = d x \text{ ? } v = x$ $\{\displaystyle dv=dx\rightarrow v=x\}$ then: $\text{? } \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ } d x = x \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ ? } x \text{ } d x = x \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ ? } 1 \text{ } d x = x \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ ? } x + C$ $\{\displaystyle...$

Ladder graph

mathematical field of graph theory, the ladder graph L_n is a planar, undirected graph with $2n$ vertices and $3n - 2$ edges. The ladder graph can be obtained as...

Exponential function (redirect from E^x)

$\log \}$?, converts products to sums: $\text{? } \ln \text{ ? } (x \text{ ? } y) = \ln \text{ ? } x + \ln \text{ ? } y$ $\{\displaystyle \ln(x\cdot y)=\ln x+\ln y\}$?. The exponential function is occasionally...

Random geometric graph

In graph theory, a random geometric graph (RGG) is the mathematically simplest spatial network, namely an undirected graph constructed by randomly placing...

Stirling's approximation

$\text{? } 1 \text{ } 2 \text{ } \ln \text{ ? } n \text{ ? } 1 \text{ } n \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ } d x = n \ln \text{ ? } n \text{ ? } n + 1$, $\{\displaystyle \ln(n!)-\tfrac{1}{2}\}\ln n\approx \int _{1}^n\ln x\,dx=n\ln n-n+1,\}$...

Logit

function $\text{? } (x) = 1 / (1 + e \text{ ? } x)$ $\{\displaystyle \sigma (x)=1/(1+e^{-x})\}$, so the logit is defined as $\text{logit ? } p = \text{? } 1 \text{ } (p) = \ln \text{ ? } p \text{ ? } p$ for...

Exponential family random graph models

$T = (\text{? } \ln \text{ ? } 2 , \ln \text{ ? } 3) \text{ } T$ $\{\displaystyle \theta _{1},\theta _{2})^{T}=(-\ln 2,\ln 3)^{T}\}$, so that the probability of every graph $y \text{ ? } Y$ $\{\displaystyle...$

Asymptote

asymptote of $f(x)$ when x tends to $+$?. The function $f(x) = \ln x$ has $m = \lim x \text{ ? } + \text{? } f (x) / x = \lim x \text{ ? } + \text{? } \ln \text{ ? } x \text{ } x = 0$ $\{\displaystyle m=\lim _{x\rightarrow...$

Conductance (graph theory)

state $x \text{ ? } ?$ $\{\displaystyle x\in \Omega \}$, $1 \text{ } 4 \text{ ? } ? \text{ ? } x (\text{ ? }) \text{ ? } 2 \text{ ? } 2 (\ln \text{ ? } ? (x) \text{ ? } 1 + \ln \text{ ? } ? \text{ ? } 1)$ $\{\displaystyle \frac{1}{4\Phi }\}\leq \tau _{x}(\delta...$

Derivative (redirect from $F'(x)$)

$$\frac{d}{dx} (x^2 \cos(x^2)) = \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(x)) \frac{d}{dx} (e^x) \ln(x) \frac{d}{dx} (e^x) \frac{d}{dx} x + 0 = 4x^3 + 2x \cos(x^2) + 1x e^x \ln(x) e^x.$$

Logarithm (redirect from Log(x))

$\log_b x = \frac{1}{x \ln b}$. That is, the slope of the tangent touching the graph of the base-b...

Directed acyclic graph

In mathematics, particularly graph theory, and computer science, a directed acyclic graph (DAG) is a directed graph with no directed cycles. That is, it...

Erdős–Rényi model (redirect from Erdos–Renyi random graph)

For example, the statement that almost every graph in $G(n, 2\ln(n)/n)$ is connected means that, as n

Beta distribution

$$X) = e^{\text{var}[\ln(1-X)]} \ln \text{cov} G_X, 1-X = E[(\ln X \ln G_X)(\ln(1-X) \ln G(1-X))] = E[(\ln X E[\ln...$$

Hyperbolic functions (redirect from Sinh(x))

$$(x+1/x)^2 \geq 1 \quad \text{arcsch}(x) = \ln(1+x^2) = \ln(1+x^2) \quad \text{arcsch}(x) = \ln(1+x^2+1)/x \dots$$

Log–log plot (redirect from Loglog graph)

$$\int_0^1 \text{constant} x dx = \int_0^1 x^0 dx = \int_0^1 x^1 dx = \int_0^1 x^0 \ln x |x^0 A(m=1) = \int_0^1 x^0 \ln x^1 dx \dots$$

Equation xy = yx (redirect from X^y=y^x)

$$\ln y x x \exp(y \ln x x) = \ln y x x \quad (\text{multiply by } \ln y x x) \quad \begin{aligned} y^x &= x^y = \exp(y \ln x) & y^x \exp...$$

Taylor series

$$\text{Maclaurin series } \ln(1+x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \dots, \ln(1+x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} x^n}{n} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \dots$$

Inverse trigonometric functions (redirect from Arcsin(x))

$$\text{For real } x \geq 1: \quad \text{arcsec}(x) = \arccos(1/x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}) + C \quad \text{arccsc}(x) = \arcsin(1/x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}) + C \dots$$

Set cover problem

than $\ln \Delta = O(\ln \ln \Delta)$ unless $P = NP$, thus making the approximation of $\ln \Delta$...

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